Report - Pressure and tightness testing
Pipe installation

| Installer/Company name, executed by: | Testing has been carried out by: | Date and time of inspection: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property address: |  | Scope of testing: |
|  |  | Application: Tapwater System Heating system |
| Risk assessment prior to testing, signature: | Notes from risk assessment: |  |
| Pressure testing requirements according to DIN EN 1264, Part 4 : | Sampling equipment, ID number, etc. | Pressure medium: |
| Remarks re. effects of result: |  |  |
| Media temperature, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Ambient temperature, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Temperature difference, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |


$\square$| Operating pressure, bar |
| :--- |
| (Tapwater max. 10 bar $)$ |$\quad \square$| Test pressure, bar |
| :--- |
| (1.5 x operating pressure) |

$\square$ The supply water must be clean and the system completely ventilated
$\square$ Temperature difference is $<10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Medium-Ambient)

## Step 1* Tightness testing of Presscheck, Test pressure Ptight - 1.5 bar

$\square$ During the pressure increase to Ptight, all couplings must be tight, any pressure drop cannot occur after 10 min .

## Step 2 Pressure test starts

Ptest $=$ Operating pressure $\times 1,5=$ $\qquad$ bar

Step 3 30-minute wait for equalisation of Ptest due to temperature equalisation and stabilisation of the pipe system

## Step 4 Pressure testing, control time 10 minutes

$\square$ During pressure testing, it must not be possible to read off any pressure drop, no measurable leaks
$\square$ The system is tight

## Important information:

> Personal injury, water leaks and environmental damage must be taken into account during the risk assessment
> The pipe system must be entirely filled with liquid during pressure testing, filling must take place slowly and, if possible, from the lowest point in the system
> If parts of the installation have a lower pressure class than the pressure testing pressure, they must be disconnected or shut off prior to pressure testing
> The meter on the pressure testing equipment must be readable with an accuracy of 10 kPa
> After testing, the system must be entirely filled with liquid or completely emptied of liquid. If glycol has been used, the system must be flushed thoroughly with clean water
> The pressure testing report is prepared by the installer and submitted to the customer

| Location | Date |
| :--- | :--- |
| Customer | Installer |

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[^0]:    *Note: Step 1 is applicable only if the system includes press connections.
    This report has been prepared in accordance with content requirements specified in Technical Regulation and according to requirements from Roth Industries.

